# ADITHI Annual Report 2019-2020



by

## ADITHI

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# 1. ADITHI Plan: Child Centered Community Development (CCCD) Project, Muzaffarpur

**About ADITHI- Plan Project**: The CCCD Project area is operational in 12 villages and 3 urban slums of Muzaffarpur, Vaishali and Sitamarhi district. Through this project total 20451 household are covered with total population of 105037.Total population of Child 0-18 yrs is 56720.

#### Total Caseload with PU- Adithi is – 1736 (Male-329 & Female-1407 as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2020)

#### **Progress & Achievements - Quality and Holistic Education**

- 1. 12 schools in Plan's intervention area has been supported by training of 120 Child Cabinet members on their role and responsibilities and enriched school learning environment in a holistic way and also created the positive & conducive space for all students in the school. Children are now easily accessing different kind of books from the classroom libraries established in the school which also improved reading habits and learning capacity of the children.
- 2. 6536 children including 3594 girls and 2942 boys from 20 schools in the Plan Project area



were encouraged their interest in science and maths by participating in the and observed Science Fare live demonstration of scientific and technological creativity skills on science and maths. Selected Children from 20 schools have prepared various type of Science & Math models using chart paper, thermocol sheet and other useful items for exhibition and demonstrated their innovations on Water cycle, Solar light, process of soilless plantation, different use of magnet, organic farming, reflection of mirror. Magic of litmus paper. Acid Rain, etc among their peer group and solved their queries too. .

- 3. 11965 Children (6405 girls & 5560 boys) increased their reading and writing skills in a positive and conducive atmosphere at school led by 120 trained child cabinet members. Training of child cabinet members on their roles and responsibilities, Children Literary festival a week celebrations, different sessions were organized in 41 schools, enjoyed educational rights in holistic learning environment at schools.
- 4. 3364 children of aged 3-6 years (Girls-1722, Boys-1642) have improved learning attitude in a playful manner at preschool centers. 1189 mothers of the child 3-6 years have increased their skills on improving learning attitude of their young children at home. Various activities like observation of Early Childhood Education Day (BachapanDiwas), handholding of Anganwadi workers on preparing and using teaching learning maters from locally available resources, Mothers Mela on ECE, learning sessions with children, upgraded reading & writing skills.
- 5. 120 School Management Committee (SMC) members from 20 schools were trained on developing and executing School development Plan. They are supporting in smooth functioning of school and improving learning environment for holistic development of children at school. They were briefed that how they can monitor SMCs activities in school and regular follow up can be done for smooth functioning of school. Discussion also held on developing kitchen garden in the school to cultivate nutritious food like papaya, banana, green leafy vegetables, etc for mid-day meal. During the discussion focus was given on ensuring the implementation of RastriyaKishoriSurkshaKaryakaram at school so that every girl child become healthy and anaemia free

# Progress & Achievements on Adolescent & Maternal Health, Child Survival and Optimal Development)

- Kitchen Garden, the Nutrition based cultivation in the backyard across the kitchen water outlet have been developed at 200 household, 10 schools and 5 Anaganwadi centres which benefitted 139 pregnant mothers, 171 lactating mothers, 143 adolescent girls, 178 young children of aged 3-6 years and 2506 Children aged 6-14 years to improve their Nutritional Status. Seasonal nutritious vegetables were developed at their kitchen garden with the support of technical expert and they got good yield of seasonal nutritious vegetables.
- 2. MATRI CHOUPAL, a mothers group meeting just one day before the schedule of ArogyaDiwas (VHSND) was organised at 50 Anganwadi centers in PU intervention area and improved knowledge among 2642 eligible mothers including 419 pregnant women on benefits of Early & timely registration, Complete ANC, Nutrition, Immunization, institutional delivery and birth registration of child through direct counselling and visual shows having complete information on it. MatriChaupal has improved the foot fall of lactating and pregnant mothers for their essential health checkup and immunization during ArogyaDiwas.

3. 8865pregnant women, lctating women, adolescents' girls and youths have increased their

- knowledge on nutrition for preventing malnutrition among children and improving food habits of mother, adolescent and child by participating in National Nutrition Month (PoshanMaah) held in 6 Blocks and Urban Wards of Plan program area covering 40 ICDS Centers in the programme villages. Growth monitoring has been done for 449 children aged 3-6 years from 13 ICDS center to access the real-time status and parents of 55 MAM children were counselled to improve the nutrition of their children and referral services of 2 SAM children were provided.
- 4. 6108 eligible mothers have improved their knowledge on benefits of Early & timely



registration, Complete ANC, Nutrition, Immunization, institutional delivery and birth registration in which 2174 pregnant women received three or more antenatal care and 3417 children in the age 12-23 months have received complete immunization, through MATRI CHAUPAL, SaasBahuSammelan, ArogyaDiwas (VHSND) eligible mothers were briefed on benefits of Early & timely registration, Complete ANC, Nutrition, Immunization, institutional delivery and birth registration of child through direct counselling, IEC and visual shows having complete information on it.

- 5. 3473 adolescents girls were screened for their anemic status out of 4830 adolescents girls who attended health check-up and counselling sessions and increased their knowledge to improve their healthy behaviours to prevent anaemia. Quarterly Adolescent Health Day has been organized in the intervention villages of Plan Project area where ASHA, ANM and peer educators led the mobilization, counselling session and screening.
- 6. 110 peer educators led discussion sessions with their peers around the topics related to Sexual & Reproductive Health, Menstrual Hygiene Management, Communicable and non-communicable diseases and Substance abuse. Training of Peer Educators included learning and sharing, Group meetings are easy going and intended to make the peer comfortable. The peers do the group work as given by the peer educators and raised their questions for better understanding.

#### Progress & Achievements on Water Sanitation & Hygiene

1. Under Swachha Bharat Mission, Swachhata Hi Seva campaign has been celebrated in all

the project working locations and generated awareness among 15490 community people to access toilet regularly & usage at priority level through the activity PrabhatPheri, Shramdaan, group orientation, quiz, painting and comics display. Through these activities massive awareness was created and Oath was also taken by the people at



village level who are promoting ODF Plus sustainability in their area. Both men and women are promoting girls WASH needs and maintaining their dignity at household level.

- 2. 128Swachtagrahisfrom four blocks of Muzaffarpurhave increased their knowledge on ODF plus and sustainability and creating awareness on regular usage and maintenance of toilets at priority level both at house hold level as well as community level through training delivered by PU Team. Training included hearing the discussions of expertise and sharing the status of their community. Group works and their questions calcifies their doubts and spreading message in the community.
- 3. 2087 adolescent girls aged 10-19 years from 26 schools have enhanced their knowledge on menstrual hygiene management both at school as well as at home by the SwachhataSabha led by Peer educators and lady teachers. Peer educators and lady teacher oriented adolescent girls and discussions held to highlights the key points. They are practicing better menstrual & personal hygiene behaviours for their better health.
- 4. 6642 children (girls- 3391 & boys-3251) aged 6-18 years and 2097 young children (girls-1103 & boys-994) increased their learnings on personal hygiene management through orientation and practices led by PU team. Special day's activities like Global Handwashing Day, World Toilet Day and Hygiene sessions with young children highlighted the practices of proper hand washing techniques and personal cleanliness among children.

#### Progress & Achievements on Child Protection& Disaster Risk Deduction

- 1. 15785 people were made aware on the preventive and curative causes of Acute Encephalitis Syndrome (AES) through IEC and group meeting among the community people in the most affected areas of PU Muzaffarpur and adopted the preventive mesures to minimise the affect of AES. 3150 most susceptible children (2248-Girls & 802- Boys) under the age of 15 years living in most deprived families in 13 villages & 2 urban slums of of the district were suported with additional suppliment of Sugar like Glucose Powder, Glucose Biscuits, Water jaerkene/ bucket with cover as Emergency Health Kit for AES response by Plan India to save the lives of children.
- 2. Special days and weeks were celebrated to make people aware on Child Rights, especially on the rights of the girl children. International Girl Child Day was celebrated by organizing quiz, painting and debate competitions. Rally, kiosks, human chain, run for unity created awareness through various messages on preventing child marriages, child labour, dowry, sexual abuse and other child issues across all the programme villages. About 19560 people were reached during these campaigns and events.
- 3. 110 peer educators led discussion sessions with their peers around the topic of life skills like Self Awareness, Creative Thinking, Critical Thinking, Empathy, Decision Making, Counselling skills and increased their knowledge. Training of Peer Educators included learning and sharing, Group meetings are easy going and intended to make the peer comfortable.

### 2. Disaster Risk Reduction

Towards localization of disaster resilience- Putting the excluded at the forefront in State of Bihar

#### Target Area: Bajpatti Block of Sitamarhi District in Bihar

**Introduction** – This year we worked in 45 villages of four Blocks and conducted whole program in an innovative way. Adolescent girls were important group in the society, they are also future of our society so we trained them on anti-trafficking, health and hygiene issues, they became a changemaker in the society and family. We tried to enhance their knowledge so they became more aware and confident. Capacity Building of PRIs, ASHA, Anganwadi (ICDS) workers on Gender in Emergencies was conducted through tool kit. Communitymembers and volunteerswere trained in different aspects so that they became empower and build capacity to take necessary action during flood or disaster according to need. They can able to raise their issues in Panchayat and channelize

different government facilities and schemes for upliftment of their social and economic condition. They also trained on innovative income generation program. Two study was conducted to assess to livelihood situation and future options. A series of meetings attended with JEEVIKA group and discussed with them livelihood options during disaster. Gap analysis, networking, coordination and Interface was done time to time for better implementation of government program and schemes.

This Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats (SWOT) Analysis, Handholding support, Updating of Village Disaster Management Plans, WASH plans, Mobilisation plans was done in 15 villages of Bajpatti Block. Preparing Long Term and Capacity Building Strategy for Disaster Risk Reduction with GSS member.identify theproblems, prioritize these problems and solveby themselves. In this process they relocate their own resources, community resources and government resources to strengthen themselves.they prepared Plan to reduce vulnerability of the concerned community and strengthen its existing capacity to cope with disasters. it was not only increased the livelihood of communitiesand its help in mitigating disasters but also brings the community together to address the issue collectively. Six mock drills were organized on emergency preparedness and lifesaving skills at village level to prepare them.

In view to promote organic farming women farmers club trained on the process and technique of vermin compost production and its uses. In village Raipur of Block Bajpatti of Sitamarhi District the field demonstration was carried out in the village. 23 farmers were constructed 28 vermin pits. This



year we were supported to the farmers club members those who are producing vermin compost like weighing machine, sewing machine and printed bags so that they pack vermin compost and sell it out to

the market. Step by step they all are establishing linkages with the market to sell out their vermin compost.

Support for promotion of kitchengardening was done with 80 women farmers in 7 villages. It would ensure that round the year vegetables should available to the family. They establish kitchen garden in small field near the house at high place and primarily used for the family consumption of fresh vegetable and surplus



vegetable they sell it out to the market. A greenhouse was established in Raipur Farmers club women were purchased seedlings from nursery,

nearby farmers were encouraged to grow same vegetable which they grow previously and now they are not continuing it. Also grow some uncommon vegetable seedling.

Twenty-four persons were selected from four villages for mushroom cultivation. We provided Mushroom production and marketing training before production started, we also provide support for Mushroom cases to them. Monitoring and technical support provided time to time. Within three months they produce 1736 kg, total 665 kg they personally consumed and given to neighbors and relatives, rest they sold it in market. Total production in Rupees-343200 (three lakhs forty-three thousand two hundred only). Demand for mushroom cultivation increased among community because it gives good return. It helps minimize loss due to flood

**Case history** - Nirmala Devi from Madhuban bazar was a very active member of Kishan club. This year we supported her for mushroom growing. She is very active member of kishan club. She was search for different market options. She made a contact with one person of her village. He agreed to sell Mushroom in Sitamarhi market. He took Mushrooms from all member and sold it out regularly. She got better rate. She sold it at Rs.250/- Per kg. She was also help to collect all Mushroom which was produced by all women of her village in one place and sold it. All Mushroom growers get benefit due to Nirmala Devi. All women were very happy.

**Capacity Building of Adolescent and Youth on human trafficking and Gender Based Violence (Post Disaster Scenario):** -First of all formation of monitoring committee in 45 villagesof 4 blocks (Bajpatti, Sonbarsha, Sursand and Parihar) was done. Most of wash committee members were adolescent girls and boys, they received training on the issue. They were responsible for any type of trafficking issues in their villages and aware their community on such issues.

**Capacity Building of PRIs, ASHA, Anganwadi (ICDS) workers on Gender in Emergencies**–During this capacity building of PRI'S, ASHA, Anganwadi of 4 blocks we have discussed about discrimination with women and girls' during disaster.**Impact of the program:** -

- Many ASHA and AWW became master trainer
- Tool-kit was provided to AshaAnganwadi of 4 blocks.
- After this trainingPRI'S, ASHA, Anganwadi were ready to follow.
- Asha, Anganwadi whenever they do their meeting, they use this tool kit to aware the adolescent girls and women.
- They also aware the community of their villages.

#### Achivements -

- In village Banbhilwa road was washed away by last flood the GSS member made a bridge by contributing money and they protest in front of leader RanjuGeeta (MLA) for bridge and now bridge is sanctioned for construction
- In every village community were prepared lifesaving kit and machan before flood it help them to fight against flood
- Earlier villages were not neat and clean. But now the senario of villages were changed. The people of these villages keep neat and clean themselves and their villages. Hand wash practice with soap is now common in these villages. Sometimes little kids ask their parents to wash their hands before serving meals.
- Earlier they didn't know how to treat the drinking water and make them safety drinking water. But now they were aware about water treatment and their benifets.
- PHP committee were trained on PHP and became master trainer. After flood PHP member were done chlorination of all hand pumps. They also provided training to other community member after disaster.
- Many people were raised their Toilet and Houses and handpump.
- Women and adloscent girls were not aware about personal hygiene. After more training and awarness campaine they are know full of knowladge and share with their villagers. Every village adolecent girls and women became master trainner
- Adithi formed women kisan club in each villages and strength the women farmers by
  providing them many type of knowledge for agriculture and make their hand strong. Due to
  this they stared mixed croping and many more. They know how to do kitchen garden and
  mushroom. Through this they are lift up their economic condition better. They also know
  how to prepare life saving kit and save their family and community. Now they also took
  participated in panchayat election and get elected in panchayat election as a ward member.

#### 1. Challenges-

- Migration of men and children from villageswas very high
- Middleman is very active in government offices. They took money from poor people
- Panchayat mukhiya is less interested to organize ward meetings.
- Freequent transfer of government officals. For estabuilshing linkageand coordination with the new official takes time.
- Getting government officials support is difficult. A little numbersshow interest to work with organization and community
- There are lot of government scheme but proper outreachis a big problem
- Most of the times getting medicine from PHC and HSC was very difficult. There were no medicine avilable at village PHC and HSC.HSC was not working

- Aganwari kendras were not provideany support for adolescent girls.
- It was big challenging to receive agricultural subsidy fromAgriculture department. For example,Agriculture department providing a seed on subsidy but the money of subsidy was not transfer on time due to these farmers were not interested to brought seeds from Agriculture dept.
- Most of farmers producing vermin compost but there is less marketing option in locallevel
- Women's kisan club member faceing a prolem of irrigation to their fields.
- Attendence of men in meetingsare very low and communication between community and government offical is not well.

#### **3. LINK WORKER SCHEME, SITAMARHI (BIHAR)**

Funding: - Bihar State AIDS Control Society, Patna (BSACS)

Project Name: - LINK WORKER SCHEME, SITAMARHI (BIHAR)

Project Period:-1<sup>st</sup> April'2019 to 31<sup>st</sup> March'2020

Funding: - Bihar State AIDS Control Society, Patna (BSACS)

Agriculture is the main source of rural livelihood in Sitamarhi district despite having more than half of its population under the potential risk of flooding, as perennial problem during monsoon. A vast

area covered under rice as major staple food being grown in almost 44% of the total cultivated area, is devastated during. Kharif season. Sitamarhi is one the most flood prone Nepal bordering districts of northern Bihar.

Existence of many rivers and their tributaries causes floods each year and the farmers particularly those small and marginal have to wear with the loss of their rice crop in Kharif



and low productivity in Rabi crops due to delayed sowing which highly impacts their livelihood and leading towards alternate means livelihood through migration to big cities. Due to flood prone area, rate of migration is higher than other district in Bihar.

Since Sitamarhi is Holy Place and also sharing the border with foreign country, so there is more flow of foreign visitors as well as Indian visitors. Migration of people for livelihood, visit of Indian tourists and foreigner tourist leads the district to high risk of transmission of HIV.

#### **Reduction in Stigma and Discriminated related Experiences**

HIV/AIDS is seen as curse in community and society. The perception on HIV/AIDS of the community is narrow and blind. A person living with HIV/AIDS is seen as a sinner and they are stigmatised and

discriminated in many ways in society by the community members as well as their own families. We are witness of the incidences of stigma and discrimination against HRGs and PLHA. In our intervention villages there are some HRGs and PLHA who were discriminated by the community members and their families. During the interaction with community people and their family's



members, link worker made them aware about the HIV/AIDS and brought changes in their perception through BBC and IPC. We also organised several meeting with the community people and PRI and raised awareness level among the community people about HIV/AIDS and requested them for stopping the discrimination and stigma against HRGs and PLHA.

#### Key Achievements

- 6897 people were got HIV /AIDS test done and also around 83 were got STI treatment and medicine.
- Around 35016 thousand Key Population and general masses were reached out through the awareness programme.
- Around 33660 condoms were distributed during the awareness programme among Migrants/HRG/Other People.
- > A lot of volunteers/RRCs were involved in the awareness programme.
- > Block and district official ready to support to our programme.
- > PLHIV Linked To Social Protection and Twelve PLHIV Linked To PLHIV Network.
- Special thanks to our BSACS team who has informed the government officials through letter about our working mode because earlier they are little bit confused and always asked the questions that which area you are working.
- Successfully awareness programme organized for migrants in four blocks during the Durgapooja, Deepawali and Chhat.

- More than 10000 thousand migrants and general masses were reached out through the awareness programme.
- IEC and communication activities were organized successfully in 20 villages during the major festival.
- WAD celebrated successfully
- > 202Person Proving Social Protection
- > 12 People Linked with PLHA Network.
- > 100% Contacted with line listed Population
- > More than 2450 thousand IEC material will distributed.
- > 218 PLHA linked with ART.

	Test	ting Details		
	Total Line List	HIV Testing	STI Testing	HIV %
HRG	730	730	26	100%
VULNERABLE				
People	17559	2635	60	15%
MIGRANTS	17495	1667	12	10%
TRUCKER	785	327	03	42%
ANC	829	829	05	100%
ТВ	97	32	0	33%
PLHIV	256	0	7	0%
Total	37751	6220	113	

### 4. CHILDLINE, NODAL, SITAMARHI

Adithi is working as nodal organization of ChildLine in the district Sitamarhi from 2011. We establish linkages and coordination with government and ChildLineteam for the protection of children's rights for better and dignified life.

Adithi as Nodal organization of CHILDLINE coordinated with collaborative organization and 3 subcenters running by three different organizations.

Activity report - Nodal Organizations 1. Coordination of CHILDLINE at city level (number of meetings conducted and issues discussed):

#### a) Number of Weekly Meetings with team members:

Weekly meeting: 48 meetings at three sub centers and collabhas been done.

Details of key ssues discussed during the above meetings:

- Rescued cases/ GD/ FIR.- coordination with police department .
- Quality of case.
- Discuss on action plan of each sub centre.
- Liaison with the resource organization for the effective support.
- Discuss about effective intervention, Outreach, Open house, Meeting of all sub-Centre.
- Discuss about GP meeting, Voluntary meeting and Open house.
- block level CAB meeting.
- Discuss about the Action plan of each sub-centre and collab.
- Documentation of all activity .
- coordination with RPF GRP SSB police department
- b) Number of Monthly Meetings with team members: 4 Details of Issues discussed during the above meetings:

a)Discussion about **MPR** all Sub-Centre. Discuss about how to prepare MPR- discuss about the gaps, Case report not satisfactory. Medical and emotional cases are not suitable.

b)Discussion on referral case.

- c) Need to work effectively on post rescue. Awareness of parent and children is must to avoid child migration.
- d) Discuss onCity Action Plan for Current year and overview of last year.
- e) Sharing on shelter for rescued child- talk with LS,.ADSS,,JJB JUDGE and DM.- assure this will solved shortly.
- f) Rescued cases/ GD/ FIR and legal processes.
- g) Outreach activity and outcomes, gap, challenges.
- C) Number of Co-ordinators'Total Meetings:12

Details of key issues discussed during the above meetings:

- Improve MPR reporting quality.
- Review of activity and Discuss on outreach Meathead.
- Organizing and preparation for CAB/ BCAB meeting at Block level.
- DCPU Meeting And agenda .
- Discussion on child NetkhoyaPayaand its implementation It should start shortly.
- Discussion on FIR / Legal process/Compensation/Rehabilitation.
- Home for Girls child- Talked with ADCP and DM on this matter.

#### D) Number of Directors' Meetings: 4

Details of key issues discussed during the above meetings:

- Preparation of CAP for 2019-20
- Grant application.
- Discuss on CL team Dress and IEC Met arils.
- Discuss on CL unit Training and orientation.
- Sharing and reflection on Sub centers, collab and Nodal by the CIF team, Kolkata
- Improve the quality and quantity of case intervention.
- E) Number of CAB Meetings: CAB is Formed but due to lockdown CAB meeting not Done.
- F) DCPC meeting.....
- G) Number of Volunteers Meetings: 2 Key issues discussed:

a)Role & responsibility of volunteers in term of children.

- b) Child trafficking and Child right Child labor Child marriage issues.
- c) Awareness about CHILDLINE at community level.
- d) Information sharing about CSA Issue.
- e) Discussion on POCSO Act

#### H) Number of Resource Organization meetings: 2

Keyissues discussed:

- 1) Role of stakeholders.
- 2) Support and coordination an awareness program.
- 3) About CHILDLINE 1098 Service.
- 4) Free legal Support through DLSA.
- 5) GOV Scheme (Rescue and Rehabilitation).

#### 2. Details of Awareness and Outreach activities coordinated at city level:

a)With Chowkidars and police about missing child and inform to 1098.

b)With School teachers in school about child migration and about 1098.

- c) With ICDS centers aware about 1098.
- d) With community aware about child marriage child trafficking and child right.
- e) With support of DLSA Volunteers victim take legal service.
- 5) Innovations in ChildLine:
- A. CHILDLINE coordinates with Stakeholders with Signature Campaign.



B. Doctors panel to provide free of cost support to the child- specially new

Born baby and complicated case.

- C. CHILDLINE Team participate in SitamarhiMahostav
- D. Attend awareness camp organized through Labor department and provide

Support to rescued child from Bangalore compensation.

- E. Organized special activity against the Child sexual abuse with support of JVI.
- F. Work with SSB in border area and organized awareness program.

#### **Strengthening Rights and Improving Livelihoods of Street Vendors**

#### About The Project:

With the 3-Year support by Ford Foundation, Adithi directly started the intervention *since June 2018* in three cities of three state which are part of the Smart City Program – Varanasi in Uttar Pradesh, Jamshedpur in Jharkhand and Muzaffarpur in Bihar to demonstrate how strengthening the Rights and Improving the livelihoods of Street vendors through better implementation of Street Vending Act.

#### Major Activity during the Reporting Period

#### National Consultation:

**National Convention** 

#### Street Vending in India after SV Act 2014: Possibilities and Challenges

Adithi in collaboration with National Association of Street Vendors of India (NASVI) organise a national Convention on **Possibilities and Challenges**of Street vending in India in light Street vending At 2014. The convention was attended by 700 representatives of street vendors from 400 cities. This was inaugurated by **SmtGangambikeMallikarjun**Worshipful Mayor, BBMP, Karnataka including **Shri Rajesh Verma**Dy. Mayor Bhgalpur,



Inauguration of the Convention by Dignitaries

Bihar, *Sri Shantha Kumar,* National Secretary, and INTUC under the chairmanship of NASVI president Sri Chandra Prakash Singh. The Convention and AGM was supported by Friedrich Ebert Stiftung (FES), Nidan, Self worker Global, Karnataka Street Vendor federation and Karnataka Pradesh Labour Coordination Committee.

#### Demand Paper through this convention that:-

- Those vendors who have been given identity card and certificate in Bengaluru should not be troubled by the Police.
- The Govt. of Karnataka must quickly declare the scheme as mandated under section 38 of the Act
- Immediate enforcement of the Act, particularly section 3.3 under which a vendor is protected against eviction until surveyed, given a license and a place to vend.



Ms. Asita Maldahiyar, Executive Secretary, Adithi, shared her experience on leadership promotion among the community

#### Meeting with Joint Secretary to the Government of India:

On 28/2/2020, Sri Sanjay Kumar, Joint Secretary cum Director, National Urban Livelihood Mission of the Government of India visited Bihar for review of the Mission works, we got this information and requested him to provide some time in meeting with Bihar federation leaders, he agreed and call us in Secretariat and met about 30 representative of federation. He listened the issues and asked for probable solution to State Secretary MrAnandKishor.



Business Plan for Cooperative federation : We engaged an expert and made a three year plan for sustainability of cooperative, As per the plan every organizer have to cover 500 members in a month. Some norms has been framed for membership, share and Pass book charge, the percentage on Current Account, Fixed deposit, Recurring Deposit etc, Which was also passed by the board members of cooperative at all the three place .







#### Leadership Development Training:

Leadership Training program has been organized at all the cities. Street vendor's leadesr from Different Market Committee were participated. The leaders of Street vendors were trained on Leadership Quality and legal issues focused on Implementation of Street vending Act.



#### **City vending Plan**

Adithi also visited areas of existing vending activities within the city for the preparation of plan for street vending followed by submitting the details of the areas of existing street vending. The TVC was requested to verify and measure the identified vending sites. Adithi assisted TVC in mapping of vending zones of Jamshedpur and Muzaffarpur and participated in measurement of the areas along with the draftsman and Amin of the Municipal Corporation.

उम्मीद. शहरी वेडिंग कमेटी की मीटिंग में हुआ निर्णय हजार फुटपाथी दुक बनेंगे 14 वें SOL

# **Combating Slavery Project**

This Project is being implemented in 35 villages in 7 Blocks of Siwan, Gopalganj and Sitamarhi districts. Through this project, a total of 3500 households are covered with an approximate total population of 21,000.

#### Progress to date:

- 35 CVCs have been working in our areas with 544 members whose capacities have been built on their roles and responsibilities through monthly follow up meetings and trainings. On the upper level, 10 forums of CVCs have been constituted in 10 Panchayats.
- > 448 persons consisting of 139 women, 136 men, 77 girl children and 96male children were



Pension, Old Age Pension, etc.

girl children and 96male children were liberated from different types of slavery.

➢ In all our 35 villages, the CVCs conducted community meetings making aware12716 persons on various aspects of slavery, their local issues, government schemes.

1997 persons gained entitlements from Government schemes like MNREGA, Aadhaar Card, PradhanMantriAwasYojna-Gramin, Birth and Death Certificates, Disability

> 28 trained facilitators ran 28 BCK Centers with 765 adolescents to whombasic education, family life education, legal, health education and vocational trainingswere provided.76 girls were linked to Aangan package in which 4 girls stalled their early marriage. 6 girls explained issues like sanitation, child marriage, dowry and empowerment to girls in 3 villages adjoining to our areas with charts and pictorial displays.

- Training was provided to 47 persons to engage in employment/self-employment. 47 girls were provided training in tailoring and beauty parlor.
- 321persons gained livelihood through vegetable growing and selling, fruit selling, mushroom cultivation, masonry, grocery shops running, goat rearing, poultry, etc.
- 1248 children in 8 schools participated in programs organized by us who were made aware of the misuse of social media through display of three films and debates, discussions as well as story sharing.
- The capacity building trainings were provided to 35 Jeevika groups on topics like institution building, IGA activities and finance. They are earning from IGA activities like goat rearing, buffalo rearing, small shops, etc. by taking loans from Jeevika.
- Sensitization and orientation on various issues of slavery was provided to 603 Stakeholders & Service Providers comprising 78 new ones through three district level advocacy workshops and three block level workshops.
- Under ICPC scheme, meetings were organized with34 Child Protection Committees (CPCs) at Block, Panchayat and ward levels.

- We participated in meetingsof PC&PNDT, District Health Society (DHS) and District RogiKalyanSamiti.
- Labour registrations were secured for 140 labourerswithLabour Department while 105 of them already received their registration cards along with the remittance in their bank accounts.
- 275 persons took pledge to not use orchestra shows in their ceremonies. If at all they are compelled by their community to use it, they would use only child laborer-free orchestra shows.
- ➢ 40 meetings with community members were held on the issue of child laborer-free orchestra shows with the participation of 476 parsons.
- 2 Meetings with a total of 21 orchestra-owners were held in which they pledged to not involve children in orchestra shows.
- We have maintained a good connectivity with DLSA to take up the cases of victim compensation with submission of 27 applications for legal services and compensation in Siwan & Gopalganj districts. Out of these cases, 5 cases progressed under which in two cases, compensation was granted by DLSA; in two cases, convictions were reached, two more cases were disposed of by the court and in one case 75% of the fine amount is to be given to the victim. Under the DLSA compensation cases, one POCSO victims hasalready received the compensation of Rs. 4 lakh and the other one has got the sanction order for Rs. 5 lakh payable after the submission of mandatory documents.
- 17 children were benefited with the child care plan to link them with social and legal processes. Counseling and psychological support were provided to 60 survivors. We supported 22 missing cases and our legal person assisted 23 pending legal cases.
- 48 staff members went on exposure visit to Fakirana Sisters Society, Betia, 4 staff got refresher mental health training, 10 staff members received training from Swaniti at Sitamarhi on advocacy. 3 case workers received repatriation training in Patna from FF. 5 staff

members attended digital reporting training from FF & Praxis.

- Eight organizational policies were finalized with staff members and the same have been placed for the approval of the Governing Board.
- All monthly meetings of Human Liberty Network organized in the reporting period were attended by Our team. We attended a meeting with NitiAayog on aspirational district program specially focused on child labor. We also



attended a meeting with Swaniti for policy change in which a state level workshop was held with the survivors attended by the Urban Development Minister of Bihar. Then Swaniti oriented our staff for advocacy, visited our areas and also drafted a letter for the district level advocacy that was submitted to the DM which the DM endorsed to the SP. In Sitamarhi, a memorandum was submitted to the Civil Surgeon-cum Chief Medical Officer of the district to make the defunct health centersfunctional

- 35 CMT exercise were completed in our target villages. As per score, 20 villages came under 'Strengthening' category while the rest 15 were found to be in 'Well-established' category.
- Under Action Research, 234 community-members participated including 94 new ones. They have applied for providing health services and the Golden Card under PM-JAY

#### Major achievement this reporting period under various objectives:

The CVCs took up the matter of non-availability of various government sponsored entitlements for the community under old age pension, widow pension, ration card, Ayushman Golden Card, and by meeting the block level officials, submitted the application for making these services to the genuine beneficiaries upon which the authorities took appropriate action.

A good development has been noticed in our villages that if any labor contractor comes in a village to hire children, the community members flatly refuse them to grant entry in the village. Our CVCs have been now helping the community members of the adjoining villages also after the floods and the trained persons of our community did the cleaning of the 750 hand pumps. The CVCs also organized awareness camps on disaster management with the members of other than the target communities of which 1092 members were benefited.

Our girls' and boys' groups went to adjoining villages and facilitated the constitution of such groups there itself for an awareness and collective action program over there also.

The child labour, child marriage and dowry issues never came in the AamSabha, the Panchayat



general body meeting in which all the adult villagers are entitled to participate, so the stakeholders took a decision to initiate discussions on these in AamSabha and the same was started in three Panchayats. Two Panchayats and one ward members issued notice to the effect that no child labour was to be allowed to go outside to work. Similarly, the missing cases were never informed in the

Thana, but the Thana police officials asked us to register such cases with them. As such, two such cases were reported and one of the missing child also returned to his parents.

Formerly, the health care facilities were not available in the health centres. After the stakeholders meeting, the community members started getting such facilities in the health centres. Formerly, the deliveries were not conducted in the Additional Primary Health Centres (APHCS) but after our representation, a doctor was posted there and conduction of deliveries was started. On the issue of regularization of sub-health centres, 2 health sub centres were regularized and about the rest, a decision was taken that they will be opened after the ANM appointments.

In Sitamarhi, no one was benefited under the Parvarish scheme, but from our communities 200applications were filed and pursued at the district level as a result of which 47 applications were selected and we have been assured that till March 2020, all of them would start getting the benefit.

Our action research groups concerned with health raised the issues of non-opening of the health centres and got a partial success in making them functional. Similarly, the action research group concerning the education also gave petitions to improve the monitoring of the teaching in schools and received assurance to that effect.



Our two community members availed the facility of Golden Card, one had to purchase drugs with his own money and the second was denied treatment at a designated health facility. Both these cases were raised with the Civil surgeon-cum Chief Medical Officer of the district by the CVC on which the CS assured to take investigate and take action.

The CVCs-members also took up the cases of non-issuing of Golden Card, have prepared a list of 450 such persons who have not been issued the and out of this number, 230 were issued the card. Similarly, many persons have not got the ration cards, they raised the case with the authorities and got an instruction to make an affidavit so that they may be issued the ration cards.

### **Rural Study Center IGNOU**

During the reporting period admissions were granted under the following courses of the Rural Study Center run by ADITHI in Jarmundi of Dumka, Jharkhand:

- 1. Master of Arts (Rural Development)
- 2. Master of Arts (English)
- 3. Master of Arts (Hindi)
- 4. Master of Arts (History)
- 5. Master of Arts (Political Science)
- 6. Master of Arts (Sociology)
- 7. Bachelor of Arts
- 8. Bachelor of Commerce
- 9. Bachelor Preparatory Program
- 10. Diploma in HIV and Family Education
- 11. Post Graduate Diploma in Rural Development
- 12. Certificate in Teaching of English as a Second Language
- 13. Certificate in HIV and Family Education
- 14. Certificate in Food and Nutrition
- 15. Certificate in Nutrition and Childcare
- 16. Certificate Program in Rural Development

# Year Wise Students Admission

SI.No	Year	No, of Student Enrolled
1	1999	34
2	2000	150
3	2001	265
4	2002	369
5	2003	655
6	2004	843
7	2005	1598
8	2006	921
9	2007	1539
10	2008	936
11	2009	983
12	2010	996
13	2011	1296
14	2012	1513
15	2013	1682
16	2014	1707
17	2015	1650
18	2016	2387
19	2017	2936
20	2018	1286
21	2019	2322
	Total	26068

July 2019RR		
Course	No. of Students	
BA 2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	378	
BA 3 <sup>rd</sup> Year	316	
MAH 2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	18	
MARD 2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	18	
MEG 2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	7	
MHD 2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	25	
MPS 2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	12	
MSO 2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	7	
Total	781	
July 2	2019 Fresh	
Course	No. of Students	
BA	526	
PGDRD	12	
CAFE	2	
CFN	1	
CFN CRD	1	
	-	
CRD	1	
CRD CTPM	1	
CRD CTPM DAFE	1 1 1 1	
CRD CTPM DAFE MADVS	1 1 1 1 1 1	
CRD CTPM DAFE MADVS MAH	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 19	
CRD CTPM DAFE MADVS MAH MARD	1 1 1 1 1 1 19 15	

MSO	13
Total	643

July 2020 RR		
Course	No. of Students	
BA 2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	234	
BA 3 <sup>rd</sup> Year	213	
MAH 2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	22	
MARD 2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	23	
MEG 2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	6	
MHD 2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	28	
MPS 2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	11	
MSO 2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	3	
Total	540	

# July 2020 Fresh

Course	No. of Students
BA	253
CNCC	5
DAFE	3
MAH	22
MARD	12
MEC	5
MEG	5
MHD	32
MPS	10
MSO	11
Total	358